

DATA PROTECTION IN SMART CITIES INCENTIVE STRUCTURING IN PROCUREMENT PROCESSES

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- (Local) public administrations face increasingly 'wicked' challenges
- Smart city transition to maximize public value creation

Efficiency, effectiveness and data protection

(Moore, 1995)

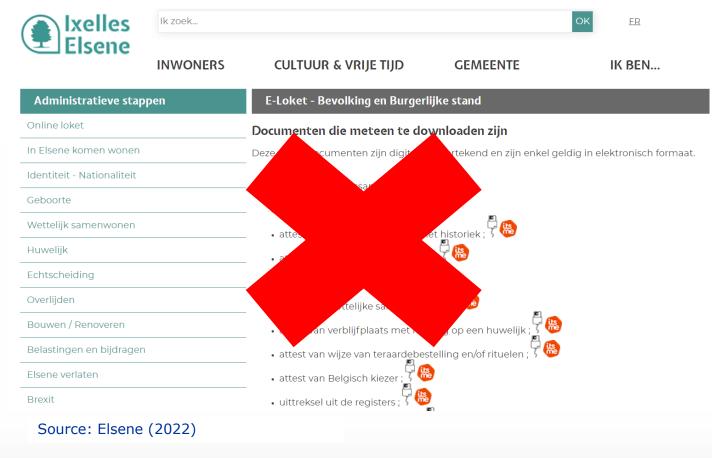
(Edwards, 2016)

- SCSs often require public-private collaboration (Myeong et al., 2018; Smart City Institute, 2018)
 - Lack of (financial) resources
 - Complementarity of expertise
- Formal public procurement procedures



CONTEXT SCOPE

- Smart city service (SCS)
 (Neirotti et al., 2014; Walravens & Ballon, 2013)
 - Granular smart city approach
 - Characteristics:
 - Public interest dimension
 - Physical presence component
 - Personal data collection and use
 - Multiple stakeholders





A STUDY OF BIDDERS' DATA PROTECTION RELATED EATCS

- Data protection is a collaborative effort
 - Data protection by design and by default, DPIAs, GDPR-module in tender
- > Relevance of ex-ante transaction costs (EATCs) related to data protection
- Explorative econometric study of bidders' EATCs related to data protection
 - Special focus on Benelux, France, and Germany
 - 72 individual SCS tender bids up to 2021
- > Focus on determinants and competitive relevance



SAMPLE OF TENDERS

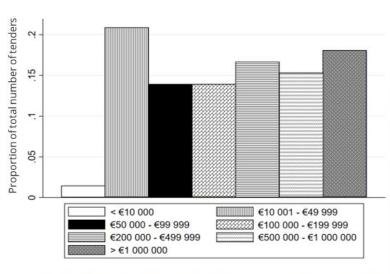
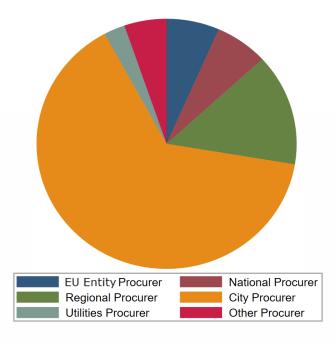


Figure 2. Overview SCS tender size (n=72). Source: own creation using STATA.



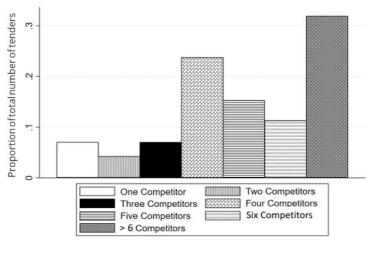


Figure 4. Overview SCS tender competition level (n=72). Source: own creation using STATA.



FINDINGS

- Determinants of data protection related EATCs
 - Zerongth of relationship with tendering authority
 - W Outsourcing level of data protection efforts
 - Complexity of SCS project (cfr. Risk-based approach)
 - Value of the tender
 - X Number of competitors
- Competitive relevance data protection related EATCs
 - **Median is 5** % of total tender value (n = 49)
 - Lead to positive spill-overs (internal capabilities and reputation, esp. competitive dialogue)
 - BUT No effect on tender win probability



IMPLICATIONS AND TAKEAWAYS

Problem

 Data protection EATCs are not impacted by tougher competition AND the level of data protection EATCs has no effect on tender win probability

Likely explanation

- Bidders perceive that tender evaluations focus (solely) on core functionality and price
 - Late or non-involvement DPO and/ or check-box GDPR compliance

Alleviation via

- Public sector buyers' signaling that data protection is taken seriously
 - Early DPO involvement and substantive broadening of evaluation criteria
- Use of procurement procedures promoting inter-organizational data protection learning
- > Only then can competition be a lever for increasing data protection levels



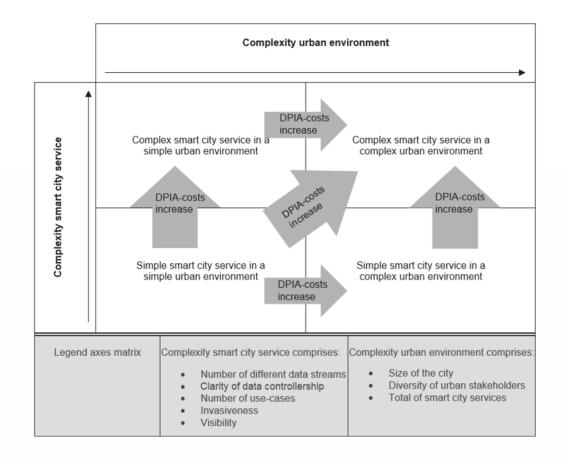
FURTHER READING

SPECTRE PROJECT

Smart city Privacy: Enhancing Collaborative Transparency in the Regulatory Ecosystem (SPECTRE)

- Toolbox
 - Law
 - Communication sciences
 - Business economics

https://spectreproject.be/





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION QUESTIONS?

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